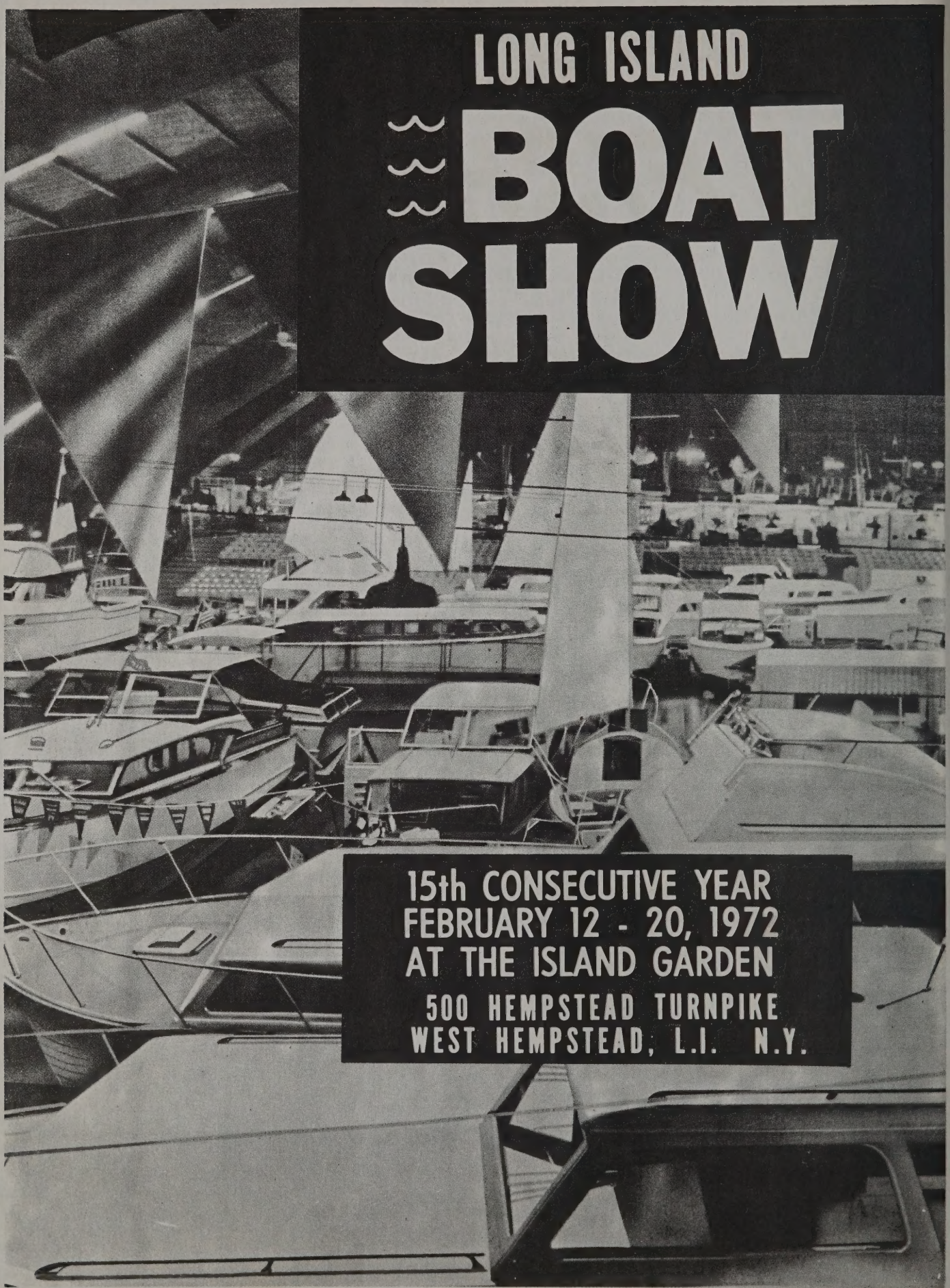
The Long Island FISHERMAN

FEBRUARY 3rd, ISSUE NO. 5, 1972


LONG ISLAND
BOAT
SHOW
15th CONSECUTIVE YEAR
FEBRUARY 12 - 20, 1972
AT THE ISLAND GARDEN
500 HEMPSTEAD TURNPIKE
WEST HEMPSTEAD, L.I. N.Y.

L.I. BOAT SHOW

The Long Island Marine Recreation Boat Show will hold its 15th annual exhibition February 12th through February 20th at the Island Garden in West Hempstead, L.I., it was announced.

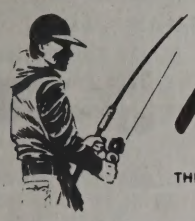
The show will be the largest held at the Island Garden in recent years. More than 57,000 square feet of floor space will be available for the 1972 show - some 15% more than in previous years. The additional space was made possible by the show taking over 6,500 square feet of area that had formerly been used as office space, but now converted into boat show use.

The show, which will feature more than 200 of the latest in 1972 power boats and sailing craft, will be the last to be held in the Island Garden. Next year the show will move into the Nassau Coliseum, now near completion.

In addition to the vast array of boats, the show also will feature numerous marine accessory displays including the latest in electronic boating and fishing apparatus. Every major boat dealer on Long Island will be represented at the show.

Scientific and marine ecological exhibits, put on by various boating organizations and marine biology classes from local colleges, will again be spotlighted at the show.

For the inexperienced sailor there will be free movies on seamanship and navigation.



The Long Island FISHERMAN

THE LARGEST WEEKLY GUIDE FOR FISHERMEN IN THE N.Y. AREA
PUBLISHED SINCE 1966

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Contents

DON'S CORNER	Don Miller	4
WORMS	Tony DiFede	5
CATCHING SEA TROUT	Vlad Evanoff	6
PLUGGIN' AROUND	Al Reinfelder	7
NORTH SHORE DUCK BLIND	Fred Guardineer	8
WINTER TROUT FISHING	Dick Alley	9
NEWS & NOTICES		10
N.Y. BIGHT	Greg Beacher	13
STRICTLY CASTING	Leonard Baum	14
TIDES		16

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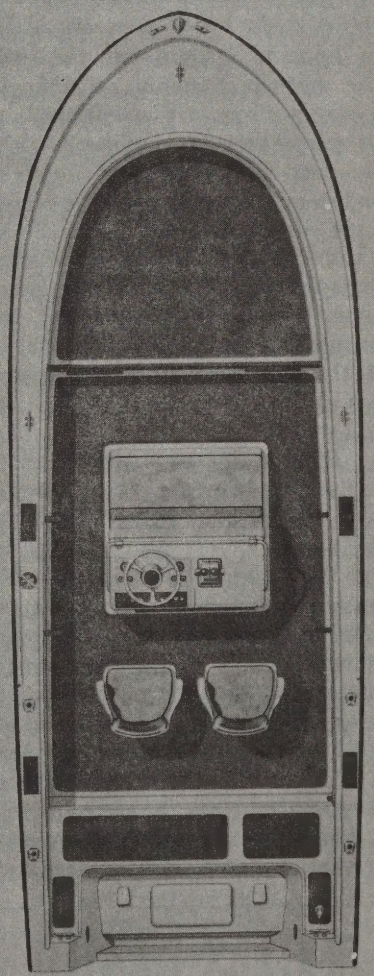

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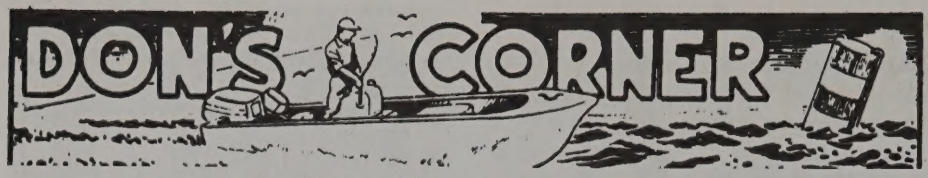

"Looking forward into the 1970's we expect a number of changes in the Long Island scene. Office industries will increase substantially as more and more firms find the expansion room they need in our planned industrial parks. Manufacturers, too, are finding the Island a desirable place to locate.

"Our bi-county master plan, already adopted by the majority of townships, provides for an industrial-commercial belt down the center spine of the Island, with transportation hubs providing quick access to air-road-rail facilities."

Quoted from Walter E. Van Der Waag, vice chairman of National Bank of North America by Iwen Hsiao in the special Business Section of the Long Island Press, Jan. 24, 1972.

Looking forward into the 1970's, under such preposterous planning, we can expect all recreational fishing and a large percentage of commercial fishing to be near extinct from the waters surrounding Long Island. Scientific evidence already disclosed to the public through the various medias gives good argument to bare this out. Yet, under the present economic situation glorified by these same medias, people are led to believe that the continued growth of industry and all its adverse side effects are necessary if we are to survive.

The question now arises as to what actually constitutes survival. Economists tell us that business growth is necessary if we are to expect higher, or at least favorable, incomes. Therefore, it must be assumed that they mean money will be the key to our continued existance. Certainly none of us are going to argue should a few extra dollars be thrown our way. Hell, it's human nature to wish you had a little more of anything that pleases you. But we have been on this bigger money making binge for some years now and some quick recollections would indicate that we ain't exactly been short changed. Remember the worth of your father? And perhaps the impact of recalling his father's worth would jar you back to reality. ("Worth" being either money or the material things that we have found to be necessary.)

Environmentalists, many who work within the industrial system, are continually warning us that an imbalance in the ecological system, that includes man, will eventually affect our survival. Continually we are being warned about all the ill effects that industrial growth brings about. These well-meaning citizens are quite correct in their assumptions. The scientific community stands ready to support these assumptions with facts. However, few environmentalists are really prepared to meet the issues head on. They can scream and stamp their feet all they want to, but until they are willing to concede that further development of our region - and all others for that matter - must be stopped, their efforts to curtail pollution in all forms, will be wasted.

In effect, to portect us on both sides of this survival issue environmentalists must sit down with the economists and formulate a more practical solution, one that would include a favorable economical situation but would also insure against the destruction of our natural resources. This can be accomplished if they follow the advice of the scientific community and providing that their own personal ideals do not take precedence.

As a guideline, I would suggest that they follow some of the facts recently disclosed in the January 24, 1972 issue TIME magazine, "The Worst Is Yet To Be?" This article was primarily devoted to the studies made by M.I.T. computer expert Dennis Meadows with the aid of a computer model developed by M.I.T. Professor, Jay Forrester. The question put to Dennis Meadows by a group of industrialists and economists was: "How long can population and industrialization continue to grow on this finite planet?"

Feeding the computer many alternate situations, based on population, food supplies, natural resource supplies, etc., the readouts offered nothing to indicate a stabilized, healthy environment. Meadows concluded: "All growth projections end in collapse." This prompted Meadows and his colleagues to offer the following suggestions: "An all-out effort to end exponential growth, starting by 1975. Population should be stabilized by equalizing the birth and death rates. To halt industrial growth, investment in new nonpolluting plants must not exceed the retirement of old facilities. A series of fundamental shifts in behavioral patterns must take place. Instead of yearning for material goods, people must learn to prefer services, like education or recreation. All possible resources must be recycled, including the composting of organic garbage. Products like automobiles and TV sets must be designed to last long and to be repaired easily."

One of the group who instigated the studies by Meadows and himself a systems analyst, Yoicha Kaya, sums it up: "There is no use in wringing hands. We can and must try to do what is humanly possible, and we must act soon."

Long Island industrialists, economists, environmentalists, are you listening? You have, here on Long Island, professionals eager to help; seek them out. And don't lose sight of recreation as one very significant industry that might aid you in correcting the present trend. But consider only recreations that do not require further exploitation or abuse of our natural resources.

DON MILLER

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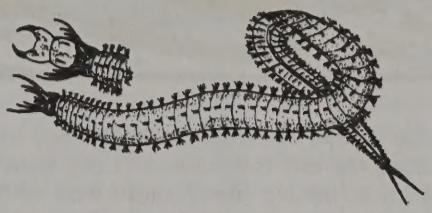
WORMS

BY TONY DI FEDE

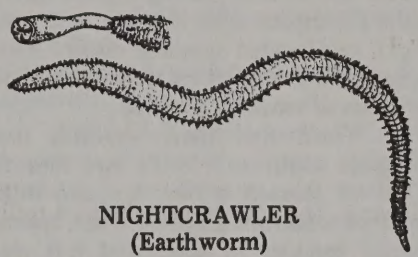
There are many species of worms that are presently used as bait. But fishermen are mainly interested in Bloodworms, Nightcrawlers, and Clamworms - - more popularly known as Sandworms. Worms are, to say the least, not very appealing creatures. But their habits and effects on the environment, particularly Earthworms, are almost unbelievable.

The most well known worm is the Nightcrawler or common earthworm. It lives in moist soil that contains decomposed vegetation. This of course covers almost everything except desert and beaches. The Nightcrawler, a nocturnal animal, feeds at night on decomposed vegetation and dry leaves. They are rarely found above the surface during the day except under rocks and layers of dead, moist leaves. The daylight hours are spent in burrows as deep as eight feet, depending on the moisture content of the soil. Earthworm's burrowing plays an extremely important part in the survival of plants and formation of rich top soil. Experts estimate that earthworms move 10 to 18 tons of soil per acre every year. This is equivalent to covering one acre of land with one inch of soil. This soil movement airates the soil, buries dead vegetation, and in effect causes rocks to sink deeper into the ground. Dead vegetation buried in airated soil decays faster and more completely, forming rich humus or top soil. The worm's burrowing also buries millions of seeds, insuring the survival of many species of plants. This worm's impact on the ecology is staggering. It literally plants seeds and airates the soil, it conditions the soil, softens it so seedlings can root more easily, and with it's burrows, it provides passages so that life giving moisture can soak deeply into dense soil instead of running off. All of our natural meadows and grass lands depend greatly on the earthworm. There is a point to remember in regard to conservation: Various lawn conditioners and pesticides not only kill the grubs and other pests; they kill the earthworms as well. In addition they help pollute the water supply. The earth below your grass is sterilized so you must add nutrients and fertilizers to do what nature can no longer do. Personally, I don't mind dandelions and clover; the flowers are pretty. Besides, I would rather have live healthy worms and not have to spend a small fortune doctoring grass!

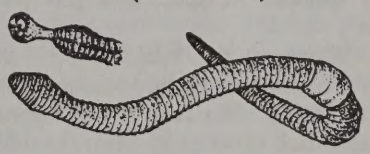
SANDWORM
(Clamworm)



BLOODWORM
(Proboscus Worm)



NIGHTCRAWLER
(Earthworm)



Well, back to worms. To the fisherman the Nightcrawler is a valuable live bait. It is the prime bait for almost all popular freshwater species except Pike. Nighcrawlers are expecially effective for deep water smallmouths, trout, and largemouths. Fortunately, these slinky creatures are fairly easy to collect and store. They are most abundant in grassy shaded areas, such as lawns. They can be dug up during the day, but it's easier to stalk them very quietly at night, especially after a good rain, with a dim, white light or a bright red or orange flashlight. If you have ever tried to hunt worms you know the saying, "he moves like a worm" is misleading. Worms are easily frightened by vibration, noise, and bright lights; and once spooked they move extremely fast - - right back into their burrows.

They can be stored for long periods of time in moist, dead leaves or damp, sphagnum moss. Worms thrive in either mixture as long as it is kept cool and moist. It should be noted that even the richest soil will not support many worms for very long since they require tremendous amounts of earth to get the food they need. Earthworms feed primarily on dead fallen leaves and decaying vegetation in the soil.

Sandworms are segmented worms like earthworms and some 8000 other species of worms. This worm, however, has the distinction of being the most sophisticated segmented worm. They feed on other worms and small sea animals. They grasp their prey with two bony jaws. The jaws are on the proboscus or head which is retractable. The retractable proboscus is common to the earthworm and bloodworm also. However, the number and size of the jaws differ. Bloodworms and earthworms have four jaws, each slightly smaller and more curved than the sandworm's. Sandworms and bloodworms spend the daylight hours living in burrows in the mud, sand, or under rocks. At night, they extend the upper portion of their body from their burrows to feed. Sandworms sometimes swim free feeding. The sandworm's color, besides being distinctive, provides an easy method for determining the sex. Male worms are a bright greenish blue. Females are more drab with red and orange.

Bloodworms and sandworms breed at the surface after undergoing bodily changes. Their insides become very fluid and are not usable as bait in this condition. During the spring, when the phase of the moon and tides are right, the changed worms rise to the surface in large numbers. Spawning is an extremely active ritual. The males release sperm and females release eggs while writhing and twisting in what one author called an "eerie ballet" of worms. After spawning is complete both males and females die sinking to the bottom.

Bloodworms are generally smaller than sandworms. Bloodworms grow to about 7 inches whereas sandworms average about 14 or 15 inches. The bloodworm's coloration, as the name suggests, can be various shades of red ranging from pink to blood colored.

All three species of worms have bristles along their bodies. The earthworm's are the smallest and are used primarily to grasp the sides of their burrows. The sandworm's bristles are the largest and also may be used in burrowing and swimming.

Bloodworms and sandworms can be dug up in sandy or muddy tidal flats. The best time is at night (at low tide, of course) when they venture out of their burrows. They can be hunted with a light much the same way as for earthworms.

Worms are a multi-million dollar business in this country, and even though we as fishermen support it entirely, we seldom realize it - - except when the price per dozen goes up after a worm digger's strike. To most people a bag of worms means confusion and upset. But to us (fishermen) a soggy sandwich, a jug of cold coffee and a bag of worms is . . . happiness!

CATCHING SEA TROUT

I was fishing the junction of the Indian River with the St. Lucie River near Stuart, Florida one evening. I had caught three small snook along the edge of a sand bar earlier and they had put up satisfactory but not spectacular fights. The sun was starting to set just as I made a cast into the shallow water on the sand bar itself and began working the "Zara-spook" torpedo shape plug back fast on top of the water. It made a lot of commotion and darted from side to side like a crippled bait fish.

Suddenly there was a big swirl behind the plug and it disappeared. My rod dipped and the rod bent into an arc and the small spinning reel screeched as the fish tore off line. The cast had been fairly long and now the rest of the line was vanishing from the reel. Then the fish slowed down, stopped and started to splash around on top of the water. Then it went down and made another run, but not as long as the first one. Once more it surfaced and wallowed around on the smooth water. I continued to fight the fish for several more minutes but finally it weakened and I slowly pumped it back toward the boat. I got it alongside where I scooped it up in the big net.

It was a silvery southern weakfish better known as the "sea trout" in Florida waters. As I started to remove the plug from it's mouth I noticed that one of the hooks had almost straightened out. This was a pretty strong saltwater treble hook. After feeling the power and runs of the fish I was surprised to find out later it weighed only 6 pounds. I had felt that I had hooked a fish much bigger and heavier.

Before then I had caught some big northern or common weakfish "tide-runner" up north in Long Island waters. These had gone up to 9 and 10 pounds. Note: In the old days weakfish of this size were often caught in Peconic Bay and along the surf and jetties of Long Island. Most of the big ones I caught were taken on the regular surf rods we used for striped bass. These were heavy and stiff and while the weakies put up a good fight it didn't compare with that sea trout on a light, one-handed spinning outfit. I soon acquired a healthy respect for the fighting abilities of southern weakfish.

You'll find these weakfish from Virginia south to Florida and into the Gulf of Mexico. They are also called spotted weakfish, speckled trout, spotted trout, speckles or specs and just plain "trout".

Of course, the weakfishes are not related to trout at all but belong to the croaker family. But their silvery appearance and dark spots make them resemble some of the freshwater trout.

They are very plentiful along Florida's East and West Coasts where they are caught from piers, bridges, shore and surf by thousands of anglers. You'll often find men, women and kids going after them from piers and bridges using almost every saltwater outfit you can name. Here the favorite fishing method is usually a bottom rig with a sliding sinker baited with a live or dead shrimp or a piece of mullet.

A very effective way to fish for sea trout with live shrimp or other baits is with a "popping" cork. Only these days it is more likely to be a float made of styrofoam. You can buy them in most southern tackle stores and the best ones for sea trout have cupped heads like a popping plug. These floats are added to the line or leader about 3 feet above a 2/0 or 3/0 hook. A live shrimp is impaled on the hook and the whole rig is cast out and the float is popped at regular intervals. This commotion and splash brings sea trout to the scene - - - they spot the bait and grab it.

That is also the reason why surface plugs such as poppers, darters and torpedo shapes are killers on sea trout. My favorite way of using them is to drift in a boat over tidal flats and cast the plugs as you move along. The one-handed spinning rod, small spinning reel and 6 or 8 pound test line is ideal for such fishing.

The same outfit can be used for wade fishing for sea trout. This is very popular with many anglers who wade the flats and edges of channels, inlets and rivers for these fish. Around Cocoa, Florida anglers fishing the Indian River and Banana River have caught sea trout up to 10 to 12 pounds this way.

Sea trout will also hit other lures such as white or yellow jigs, spoons, underwater plugs such as the "Mirrorlure" and other sub-surface plugs with silver, white or yellow finishes. I've also caught them on metal squids in the surf at North Carolina and there is often good late fall and winter fishing for them in this state and in South Carolina and Georgia. In Florida they often run in the surf along the beaches much of the year where they can be caught on bait and lures.

Sea trout can be located in many waters and like most gamefish they will often rise to the surface to chase baitfish and shrimp. Then you can see swirls or breaks or look for birds wheeling and diving.

When not on top, look for tidal flats in bays which have grass or weeds. They also cruise around inlets, passes, channels, canals and rivers. Here you can fish the drop-offs, sand bars, tidal rips and under piers and bridges.

When they get a cold front in Florida, the sea trout usually head for the deeper holes in rivers, creeks, inlets and bays, At such times they are sluggish and not inclined to move far for a lure or bait. Jigs bounced slowly along the bottom or a live shrimp dangled in front of their noses will often interest them at such times.

Sea trout will bite much of the day, but the peak fishing periods usually occur at daybreak, dusk and during the night. This is especially true of the bigger fish. Night fishing is very popular with sea trout anglers who will bring a lamp or light, hang it over the water from a bridge or pier and fish with live shrimp for the big weaks. The bigger fish will also take small live pigfish, pinfish and mullet.

Most of the sea trout you will catch, however, will range between a pound and 3 or 4 pounds in weight. So use the lightest tackle you can for them and you'll have more sport and fun. Fish this size also make the best eating and sea trout are excellent as food.

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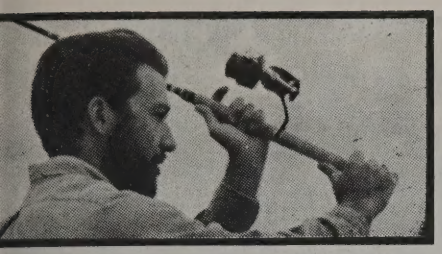

PLUGGIN' AROUND

BY AL REINFELDER

SEQUEL TO TREMBLING MAN SAGA

Some time ago, in an article on 'hungries" we told the tale of the un–fortunate gentleman who became so phy-sically and emotionally upset upon failing to get a cast out to the thousands of pollack swarming about the base of the rock upon which he was standing, while those all around him were loading up in a big way, that he actually threw all of his tackle into the sea and became sick on the spot. He left, never to be seen there again, and would have been completely forgotten except for the beach spot which is now called "The Place of the Trembling Man"" This story was original-ly told to me by Kib Bramhall, and after I wrote it up, I got the following letter from him:

'Dear Al - -

The best part of the TREMBLING MAN saga was the sequel:

One year after the pollack incident my friend Ed Mills and I, who had been with the trembling man at the time of his breakdown, met him again. It was at An-thiers Bridge - - 20 miles from the Gay Head pollack spot, to which he refused ever to return. We said "hello" and he casually returned the greeting and turned away, not having recognized us initially. Then he did a classic double-take, spun around as though he'd seen a spectre, and stuttered words to the effect of:

"You - uh - uh - w - were - uh, oh god - uh - aaat - uh - Gggggay - - ooh - - - Hhhhead whwhwhen t-t-t-t-he p-p-p-p-ollack . . ."

At this point he spun away, rushed with staggering gait behind his beach buggy, doubled over and proceeded to lose his lunch into the dune grass.

Ed and I tactfully departed without further words to this broken human be-ing. I have never seen him on the Vine-yard again.

Kib"

A RHODE ISLAND HUNGRY

The following "hungry tale" comes from Art Lavallee, president of Acme Tackle Co. and manufacturer of the Acme Kast Master. (He makes good lures, but don't spell too good!)

It seems that two "old pals" had been fishing the Charleston Breachway section of the southern Rhode Island shore in search of big bass. One night they found fish, and hit them hard. The next night Joe calls Moe (names have been changed to portect the guilty).

Joe says, "What do you say, old pal, want to go agin?"

"No, says Moe, "I'm all tired out. You go alone!"

Joe does not like to fish alone and reminds his pal.

"Well," Moe comes back, "Maybe I'll go down and have a look later. You'll see me at the regular spot . . .if I show."

"Good enough," says Joe to Moe.

That night, lonesome Joe heads down the beach alone. His lights sweep the beach ahead. No one is in sight. No buggies are there. He waits, wonders if he can overcome his fear of surf fishing alone at night, decides he'd rather not, and returns to his bed.

The next day it is reliably reported that Moe has weighed in a huge load of big bass.

"What gives?" says Joe to Moe.

Moe: "Well, Joe. I seen you comin' but, you know, ya might a had somebody with ya. You know. So I had myself in the dunes until you went home. You understand, . . .don't ya?"

HUNGRY TROUT FISHERMEN GET EXCITING NEW BAIT

Angler Products, Inc. of Butler, Pa. has come out with a new bait for modern trout fishermen. (Eldred Preserve Fans, take heed). They are called "Trout-Abouts" and are especially made for hatchery raised trout. In fact, they are made to resemble the food formulas used in state hatcheries. No need, now, to wait for the little critters to acclimate themselves to natural conditions, and thus have to catch them by imitating real insects. You can now have a bait made of fish meal, fish solubles, meat meal, and blood meal. "Same food hatchery trout eat," it says right on the package.

CASTING GAMES

Clubs, civic organizations, boy scout troops, chambers of commerce and indi-viduals who would like to put their cast-ing skills to use away from water would do well to drop a note to Mr. Sal Muley, Director of Special Events, Garcia Corp., 329 Alfred Ave., Teaneck, N.J. 07666.

Mr. Muley is the creator of two popular casting games for which he can supply written instructions. These games can be performed on fields, or in gym-nasiums. Special rules have been written for both fresh and salt water tackle em-ployment.

Sal can also supply you with the Garcia Baseball Surf Accuracy Tourna-ment which, I believe, was developed in cooperation with the Ballentine com-pany.

These games were created for the purpose of pure fun and for developing good casting techniques during ones spare time. (I tried the game out in my back yard last week and ran into some trouble with the neighbors through whose win-dows we fired some long "hits," so I suggest that you stick to the large fields recommended by Sal.)

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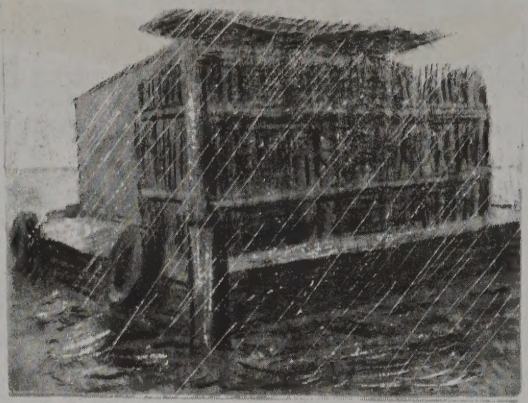
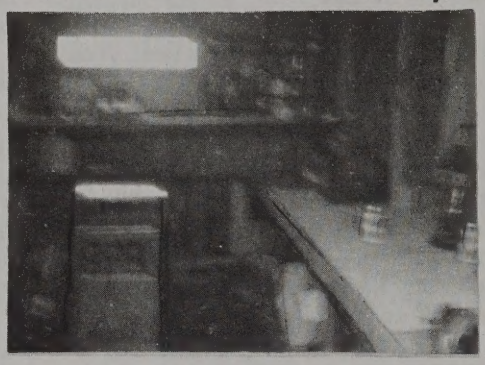
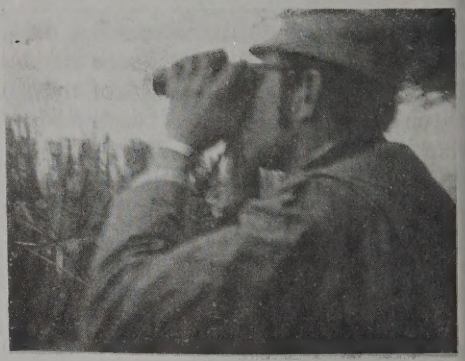
SHOOTING FROM A NORTH SHORE DUCKBLIND

BY FRED GUARDINEER

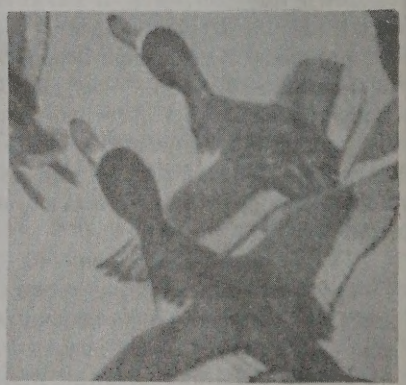


ANCHORED OFF GREAT NECK IN MANHASSET BAY, THE FLOATING CLUB DUCKBLIND LOOMS OUT OF THE EARLY AM. WIND & RAIN. ABOARD ARE WALT OELSCHLAGER, DAVE ERICHSEN AND FRANK HASLACK.

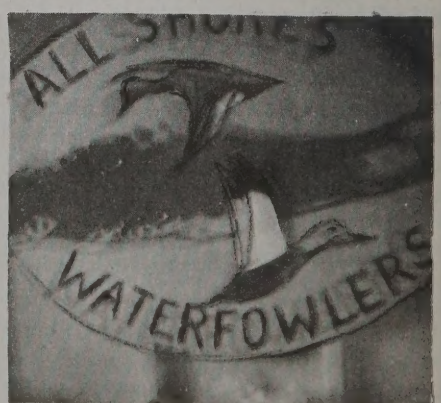




THIS GRUESOME THREESOME, ALL MEMBERS OF THE *"ALL SHORES WATERFOWLERS ASS'N."* SET OUT 100 DECOYS LIKE THE ONE ABOVE, ALL HOMEMADE, WHILE I ENJOYED THE BLIND'S INTERIOR, COMPLETE WITH HEATER, STOVE, BAR AND OTHER COMFORTS. AT THE RIGHT WALTER O., A WELL KNOWN TAXIDERMIST, GLASSES SOME INCOMING BIRDS.



THE BROADBILL INFANTRY MANS THE BATTLEMENTS AND ZAP THE DUCKS.



FRANK, LEFT, DISPLAYS A FAT SCAUP THAT WALT RETRIEVED IN THE GARVEY. THIS CHORE IS OFTEN DONE BY DOGS WHO LOVE THIS JOB.

WINTER TROUT FISHING

It began as a fly-tying session. Talk about the blind leading the blind. The abominations I manage to put together with the weird thought of enticing stripers and bluefish are sick, sick creations, but I use plenty of thread, make them strong, and every once in a while, a striper with an extremely low I.Q. gobbles one up and I have some fun. Nick Curcione was just beginning, (and by the end of the day passed me), so I showed him the basics, and we spent a couple of hours gabbing, guzzling, and tying.

I stopped to rest my eyes. I picked up one of the latest outdoor magazines which had arrived in the morning mail, and thumbed the pages. A photo of an angler standing in a stream, surrounded by snow and icicles, playing a fish on a fly rod caught my eye. The article was about trout fishing in the state of New Jersey in mid-winter, and I showed it to Nick. Outside, it was a beautiful day; the sun was shining, the temperature had climbed into the forties, and only a light breeze whispered through the pines outside the house.

Our conversation switched to fresh water, and talk of car-top boats, lazy streams, bass ponds, and fly-rodding for bluegills. We bemoaned the mild winter, and the fact that there was no ice to stave off our frustrations.

You couldn't really say we talked ourselves into it. I just had one of those sudden hunches, and the next moment I was in the cellar, rigging a spinning outfit. I shoved a box of lures in my pocket, remembered to put on the jacket to which my fishing license was pinned, and we went outside meeting Todd on the way home from school.

It's only a ten minute ride to the Saugatuck River, so we parked at the River Road Bridge in Weston and walked upstream to a wide, deep pool topping a 3-foot waterfall.

A half dozen casts with a mini-Rebel brought nothing, so I switched to a Phoebe, fishing another ten minutes without a bump. I was beginning to regret that I didn't take the time to read the complete article, and decided to move to the shallower water below the bridge. Switching to a tiny Mepps spinner as we walked, I realized that I wasn't a bit uncomfortable, and was enjoying myself, fish or no fish.

I made three casts below the bridge, imitating the same retrieve I'd used successfully in the spring of '71, and was almost ready to quit for the day when it happened.

It was a hard hit, and the fish fought furiously, and it was the biggest thrill I had in years in the sweet water. Who ever heard of a trout in a Connecticut trout stream in the middle of January? I suddenly realized that statement in itself was just the problem.

For many years, the end of October has signalled the end of most trout fishing in Connecticut waters. All streams close until that third Saturday in April. A special season at Lake Candlewood and a few other areas offered late fall and wintertime trout fishing, but the average angler cleaned and packed his gear every fall, and didn't take it out again till spring.

The season is now open through the 28th of February, but few anglers, myself included, have bothered to take advantage of it. We've been so acclimated to forgetting about fishing at this time of year, that we've been ignoring a wealth of fishing enjoyment.

True, this winter has been unreal in terms of mild weather. It's actually been ideal fishing weather, and I'm seriously thinking of lining up the Alley clan every evening and allowing them to take turns booting my backside as a reminder to never again find myself in such a situation. When I think of all the opening days I spent fishing in far worse weather, it really irks me.

Actually, the fishing now is far better than it was last May and June. First, we know the hatchery truck won't be around to stock the streams. This means that those dozens of fishermen who spend their summers waiting for and following that same hatchery truck, won't be on the streams either. There are no crowds. Without the hatchery truck, any trout you get is going to be fat and frisky, and the best tasting trout to ever tingle your taste buds.

You may have to change your methods a bit. I was really surprised to catch one on an artificial spinner. It's not likely you'll take many by floating a dry fly.

This was one time I couldn't wait to examine the contents of the trout's stomach. First to emerge was an undigested minnow about 2 inches long. Then came the real surprise, a couple of hellgrammites, alive and squirming, undoubtedly swallowed only minutes before that trout hit my spinner.

So it seems there's plenty of stream fishing to be had in the next month. Fly rodders can fish nymphs to their hearts content. Spinfishermen can vary between live bait and artificials and take fish.

We only fished about a half hour, but next week, on our days off, we plan an entire day on the stream. Of course, by then it might freeze solid and we'll be catching panfish through the ice instead, but I guarantee that this writer will never waste another reasonably mild day. Connecticut anglers can enjoy a new twist to their favorite sport. Give it a try.

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FRONT PAGE PHOTO

Fishermen drag bags of mackerel and whiting. These fish were caught southeast of the Mud Hole, while fishing aboard the "Jamaica."

SMOOTH SAILING IS FORECAST FOR L.I. BOAT INDUSTRY

"The boating industry on Long Island, second only to aerospace, faces clear sailing through calm seas in 1972," declared Mrs. Eadie Van Nostrand, a marine trade spokeman on Long Island and head of the Long Island Boat Show which is now in its 15th year.

"Despite the bleak financial barometric readings of recent years, the boating industry on Long Island has sailed true and strong and there is no reason to suspect that it will change course," Mrs. Van Nostrand said.

In a check of Long Island dealers, boat sales were up last year over 1970 and most dealers are preparing for a record year in 1972. Some adjustments in the type of sales and the shopping habits of buyers were evident last year, Mrs. Van Nostrand reported, but in the end the dollar volume was higher in 1971 than the previous year.

At Hammil's Marine, Freeport, she revealed the units sold were less in 1971 than in 1970, but dollar volume was better. "People bought fewer, but more expensive boats," she said.

Bill Scheel, co-owner of Suffolk Marine Sales in Babylon - a dealer in smaller sized boats - declared that sales in 1971 were higher last year than in 1970 because many of his buyers were young people shopping for their first boat.

"They bought small craft stripped with just the necessities," Scheel said, "but each week after they would return to purchase additional accessories. The youngsters are frugal buyers, but they also love the water," he added.

Engine dealers, according to Thomas Fileman, operator of Flagship Engines, Freeport, enjoyed a near record year.

Prospects for 1972 can best be summed up in the statement of George Dow, president of Aikens-Dow Yacht Service of Northport. He said he was "so optimistic for 1972, I've ordered twice the number of boats for this year."

Another indication of a good marine year is evidenced in the fact that for the first time in the 15-year-history of the Long Island Boat Show, exhibit space has been sold out more than a month in advance of the opening. The show will open for a nine-day stand February 12 at the Island Garden in West Hempstead.

FISHING REPORT

The fishing has improved somewhat over the past week. Capt. Paul Forsberg of the "Viking Star" said he's not having too much trouble in coming up with a decent catch lately. On Satruday, over 200 fish were boated for some 50 fishermen. Sunday's catch was 125 fish for only 28 fishermen. The catch consisted of 70% pollack. The pollack ranged in size from 1½ pounds to 8 pounds, with a few fish going 12 to 14 pounds. The largest fish of the weekend was a 34 lb. codfish.

Capt. Henry Thorschmidt took his "Blue Albatross" to the Ambrose Light Station for whiting and ling fishing. The codfish in this area are few. Capt. Henry said that next week he will explore the deeper waters for cod.

Capt. Richie Kessinger, skipper of the "Star Stream," is also fishing the Light Station area. He's coming in with loads of big whiting and ling. The catches are even better when the weather permits the proper drift. The mackerel are also plentiful but they are about a half hour south of the station.

MARINE ENVIRONMENT FORUM TO BE HELD

An interesting program concerning the marine environment of Long Island, and particularly the south shore, will be held at Seaford High School, Semans Neck Road, Seaford, L.I., Monday night, February 7th, 1972 at 8:30 p.m.

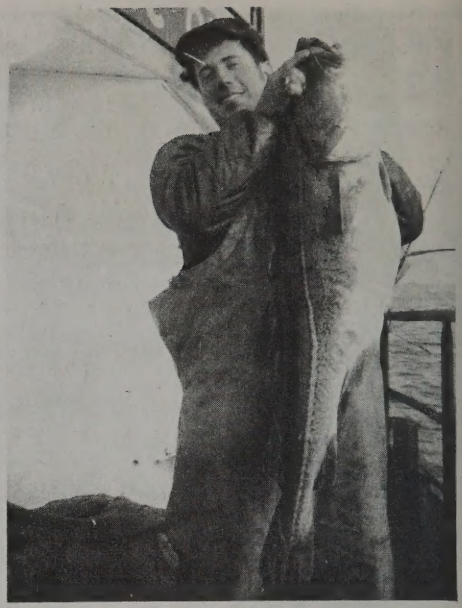
A speakers forum of three distinguished scientists will discuss our estuarine and ocean waters and the various forms of pollution that are threatening them.

The three speakers are: Dr. John C. Baiardi, Director of the New York Ocean Science Laboratory at Montauk, L.I.; Dr. A. Harry Brenowitz, Director of Marine Science at Adelphi University; and Robert Johnson, Assistant Professor of Biology at Hofstra University and Marine Biologist Advisor to the Town of Oyster Bay and the County of Nassau.

The program is being co-sponsored by the Seaford High School Ecology Club and the Save Our Bays Association (SOBA).

The forum, open to the public, will also feature ecology displays from various high schools on Long Island.

The moderator of the program will be Spencer Ralston, Director, Department of Environmental Services at Peninsula Hospital Center, Far Rockaway, L.I., and Public Relations Director for Save Our Bays Association.



Howard Aronowitz holds a 49 lb. cod which was caught aboard the "Peconic Queen."

Joseph John (56 lb. cod), Al Sirdl (48 lb. cod), Richard Peltonen (41 lb. cod) — All caught aboard the "Viking Star".

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R.I.T.T. ESTABLISHING NEW BASE

Officials of the Rhode Island Tuna Tournament announced today that they have begun discussions with interested Newpoeters, especially the Goat Island Marina, to establish Newport, R.I., for the first time as another operational base for the contest. The 15th annual tourney will be held September 2-4 at Galilee, according to the Rhode Island Development Council.

The addition of the "City-By-The-Sea" will contribute to the continuing growth of the contest and will exploit the giant tuna fishing grounds adjacent to the city.

In 1971, Montauk Marine Basin was named an operational base for the Long Island area, and Sid Karlin, director of the Sheepshead Bay Tuna Tournament, was named representative for the lower Long Island area. Many New York sports fishing boats fish out of that area, and Block Island marinas have been used effectively in the past.

Arthur Klorfein of the Montauk Deep Sea Club, and director of the Long Island Swordfish Tournament, has coordinated the R.I.T.T. activities in the Long Island and New York City area.

It is hoped that the three major tuna grounds - Block Island Sound, Narragansett and Newport - will provide more competition and results.

The additon of the three day "chum up," slated August 30-September 1, should provide interesting pre-tournament results.

Additional information is available by writing to: Rhode Island Tuna Tournament, P.O. Box 476, Conimicut Station, Warwick, R.I. 02889.

YOUNG BOATMAN'S COURSE OFFERED

An official New York State Young Boatman's course will be given at Poppenhusen Institute, 114-04 14th Road, College Point, New York beginning Saturday, February 12th at 10:00 A.M. and continuing for four (4) weeks.

This course is for boys and girls, ages 10 to 15, who are interested in boats. All materials are supplied free by the State of New York. Students who pass the final exam receive a Safety Certificate. This entitles them to operate an outboard without supervision.

More than 75,000 boys and girls have taken this course over the past 15 years. Not one who passed has later been involved in a serious or fatal boating

For further information, call Mr. Joseph W. Mellina at 762-7207.

BOATING SAFETY & SEAMANSHIP COURSE OFFERED

A course in Boating Safety and Seamanship will be given at Poppenhusen Institute, 114-04 14th Road, College Point, New York beginning Wednesday, February 9th at 8:00 P.M. and continuing for 12 weeks.

The course will be presented by the College Point Flotilla 12-5 of the United States Coast Guard Auxiliary.

This course teaches the basics of safe boat handling including such things as safe loading and operating, how to anchor, what to do if a storm comes up, how to steer by compass, how to prevent fires and how to read a chart.

The objective is to instruct the new boatmen, 17 years or older, in safe boat operation. For further information, call Joseph W. Mellina, 762-7207.

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Mr. William Cambria, Jr., Commander of U.S. Coast Guard Auxiliary Flotilla 12-8 of Flushing Bay, announced today that his Flotilla has scheduled a new twelve lesson Public Instruction Course in small boat handling and seamanship. The course will be held at Martin Van Buren High School, 230-17 Hillside Avenue, Queens Village, and starts February 8th at 7:45 PM.

Registration can be made with Mr. Warren Black T.O., 32-23 103rd Ave., Corona, 11369, GR 8-0512 or Mr. Borden V.F.C., 27-14 Ericcson St., Flushing, 11369, TW 9-7138 or HI 6-3077. Instructors serve without compensation. However, there is a small registration fee to cover the cost of books and building maintenance. Additional information may be obtained by writing or phoning Mr. Borden or Mr. Black.

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Commencing Thursday evening, February 24, 1972 at 8:15 P.M., a Boating Safety and Seamanship Course will be presented at the Bayside Yacht Club, foot of 28th Avenue, Bayside, Queens, New York.

All who are interested in safe boating habits can attend this course free of charge. All are welcome.

The official Coast Guard course consists of 12 lessons, given during 12 consecutive Thursday evenings, 2 hours sessions, and the final examination the 13th week, with the issuing of a Coast Guard certificate of completion.

Registration takes place February 24, March 2nd and March 9th, 1972 at 7:45 P.M. at the Bayside Yacht Club.

For further information, please call Commander Joe Goetz at (212) BA 4-0674 or Captain Berg Jensen at (212) BA 5-5833.

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NEXT WEEK!

SPECIAL ISSUE
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Don Miller poses over some pheasant which he and Rich Reina bagged at the T.M.T. Preserve.

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ATLANTIC BEACH TO MANASQUAN
By Greg Beacher

ATLANTIC BEACH

Leon Miller of Henning's Fishing Station reports that last Sunday there were more fish caught by way of conversation, as numbers of dry-docked anglers took advantage of Sunday's sunny skies, gathering at Henning's for an afternoon of chatter. Of course, the topics were fish, fishing, and more fishing. And let's not forget the one that got away.

It seems that spring is just around the corner, weatherwise. At present, weather conditions continue to be favorable, and if our area escapes winter's cold and icy grip, we can expect to have the earliest flounder season in the last 6 years. At least there will be more fish catching and less fish babble, sooner than expected, but well accepted.

With last week's four day cold snap and snow fall, many local anglers left town for warmer climates, with sunshine and fishing in mind. Besides the tackle shop anglers and those who left town, there were a few active hearty fishermen still sinker bouncing. Last Sunday, Jean Walker's charter boat "Claudia II," of East Rockaway, fished just ¾ of a mile east of East Rockaway Inlet for cod action. While fishing close to beach areas, 13 cod up to 12 pounds were caught during the day's fishing. Paul O'Keeffe of Lawrence and crew fished both days last weekend aboard Paul's "Pride of the Morning". On both days a mixed bag of whiting, ling and mackerel were caught. They fished southeast of Buoy 4, in 60 feet of water. The cod fishing was found to be slow there and only one small cod was caught Sunday.

SHEEPSHEAD BAY

The favorable weather of last weekend meant excellent fishing for Sheepshead Bay anglers. Party boats found fishing productive close to home and excellent offshore, from the B.A. Buoy towards the area south of Farms. A large school of whales were feeding there and making their presence known to the skippers. As far as locating mackerel offshore is concerned, modern electronic equipment can't beat a school of whales. Wherever whales appeared on the surface, mackerel were below. Knowing this, skippers of party boats simply moved to the area where the whales were sighted for in-the-bag results. Mackerel were not alone, as whiting from 1 to 4 pounds were caught off the bottom. With the combination of whiting, mackerel, and even a few cod, party boats provided their anglers with excellent action last weekend. On both Saturday and Sunday, the horns of the "Tampa IV" and the "Ranger IV" could be heard as they returned to port. The fish boxes were full and anglers averaged between a ½ to a full bag of fish.

Locally, party boats found whiting and ling fishing at Ambrose Tower productive. Tred Abrams' "Victory", which sails at 10 a.m. every day, fished this area on both days of last weekend. Capt. Abrams reported that fishing there was quite good. Anglers caught a mixed bag of fish which consisted of whiting up to 2½ pounds, ling up to 3 pounds, a few mackerel and a couple of cod.

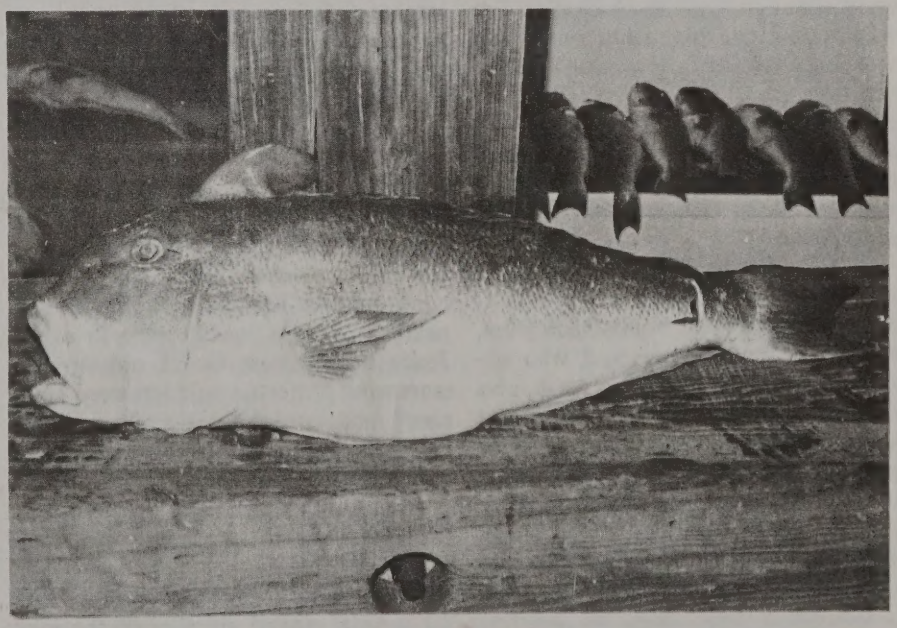
The cod fishing at Scallop Ridge has tapered off. Anglers there are fishing harder and catching less. Private boats fishing there, and staying with it all day, are catching anywhere from 1 to 6 cod per boat. The cod are ranging from 3 to 10 pounds. I saw cod from 10 to 25 pounds aboard draggers working the same areas. It seems that the larger fish are not being caught on bait. Along with the cod, whiting and ling are also being caught at the Ridge. The main fishing locally still remains whiting and ling fishing at Ambrose Tower.

SANDY HOOK

Party boats from this port that are still sailing are splitting up their fishing between Ambrose Tower and areas offshore. Either direction they take is proving productive. Anglers from this port are now having the best season they have had in a long time. Usually, by this time of year, party boats from this area are frozen in and are unable to sail. With the combination of favorable weather and good fishing, who wants to stay home over the weekend . . .

MANASQUAN

Party boats from the Manasquan area have now entered the fourth straight week of excellent mackerel and whiting fishing. Anglers are enjoying good weather and plenty of fish. They are still fishing the Mud Hole for action and mackerel from 1 to 2½ pounds and whiting up to 4 pounds are being caught. On these trips only a couple of cod are being caught. Cod fishing for the area remains spotty.



Because of last season's tremendous tile fishing trips, party boats from Sheepshead Bay and Manasquan are now scheduling special Hudson Canyon tile fishing trips. It might seem a bit early, but skippers are already taking reservations, charters and deposits for tile fishing trips that will start on March 31st and through October. Tile fishing has developed into an adventurous sport for offshore party boat fishermen. As a matter of fact, every trip to the Hudson Canyon last season established in-the-bag results for anglers. Tile fish from 5 to 59 pounds were caught on every trip. I might be wrong, but to my knowledge, I do not know of any Hudson Canyon tile fish trip that was ever skunked. And not to be skunked on any type of fishing trip is quite an accomplishment in itself. The following party boats from Sheepshead Bay and Manasquan will be making special Hudson Canyon tile fish trips this spring: The Victory, the Ranger IV, the Tampa IV and the Amberjack IV. Sailing from Manasquan, the Jamaica of Brielle.

THE GUEST WRITER'S PAGE — A SPECIAL SECTION

STRICTLY CASTING

by LEONARD S. BAUM

"The beach is never silent or still nor the same from one day to the next. It has its own life and beauty and the creatures it nouriches are alive and beautiful too. Perhaps fishing is for me, only an excuse, to be near the beach. If so, I am glad I thought of it." Paraphrased by a Point Lookout irregular from "To Know a River" by Roderick L. Haig-Brown.

If you are reading this column, you're interested in surf fishing. But after reading Vince Guaglianone's scholarly articles about winds and tides, moon phases and beach formations, and about the regular who won't cast unless the conditions are "just right," do you wonder . . .

"To catch stripers, must I fish 5 days (really nights), a week, or else possess an IBM mind capable of inputting moon, tide, current, beach formation, wind, correct lures (with just the right color and swimming action), and outputting striped bass?"

Take heart. An "occasional" fisherman can catch his share of bass without sacrificing his job and family, and without possessing a computer-like mind.

The purpose of this article is to simplify surf fishing and although I'm concentrating the discussion on fishing Jones Inlet, I'm sure that much of the discussion pertains to West and East Rockaway Inlets, Fire Island Inlet and numerous north shore spots, not to mention somewhat lesser beaches such as Manhattan Beach, Coney Island, Sea Gate and Gravesend Bay.

This article is not for the successful regular who already knows about tackle, tides, rips, rigging eels, home-made plugs, who can fish frequently, and who obviously has caught more than 30 lb.-plus bass this fall than I have in 17 years. But I suspect there are many who appreciate the life and beauty of the beach; who, like me, can steal away some dawns, dusks or nights sporadically, but sometimes more often. For those of you who would like to catch some schoolies and occasionally a large bass, on sporting tackle, and in comfort, draw near. It's not so tough.

But wait, you've always read to the contrary. Do you suspect the writer writes (or perhaps drinks) more than fishes? Well, over the past 17 years I've caught almost a thousand stripers up to 30 pounds from the surf at Gravesend Bay, Sea Gate, Riis Park, Point Lookout, Jones Inlet East; not to mention Nauset Beach and Cape Cod Canal. Most of these fish were 3 to 10 pounds. More than another thousand to 45½ lbs. were caught from boats, mostly from around the Verrazano Bridge, the New York harbor islands, Romer Shoals and the Tin Can Grounds, usually spinning with light tackle and on artificials. Some were even taken fly-fishing. (The largest, alas, were trolled with wire.)

Since 1962, most of my surf fishing has been at Jones Inlet, that is Point Lookout abd the east side of the inlet known as West End. In 1968, 1969 and most of 1970, I hardly fished the beach at all. In 1971, I averaged about one bass per trip in about 15 trips of 2-4 hours each. In the sixties I almost never got skunked and usually averaged 2 or 3 to 10 fish and more per night, fishing exclusively at Point Lookout.

Here are my conclusions:

1. If you enjoy light spinning or casting for bass, try the sheltered waters of Point Lookout or West End where the surf is often gentle if not flat, and where, as often as not, the bass require a maximum cast of 100 feet. The bass will average 3-8 lbs. Fish of 10-14 lbs. are not uncommon but larger fish are few and far between. Blues are a hit and usually miss proposition.

2. Forget the moon, tide and wind. Forget that you need "white" water to stir bass. I never pay attention to these factors except that if a southerly wind is too strong, there's too much weed, it's too much trouble to cast, and it's uncomfortable. Various spots in the bay, near the bridges, and just north of the Jones Beach Coast Guard station offer more wind protection and less weed when even moderate southerly winds make Point Lookout too weedy. Pick, if you can, the nicest, calmest, most pleasant night to fish. You will enjoy the fishing more and frankly, my most and largest fish have been taken under these conditions!

As a general rule, work the inlet rocks at Point Lookout at the top of incoming and beginning of ebb, working west with the ebbing tide almost to Hempstead Park. I've found the east side of Jones Inlet excellent on the ebb tide but seldom have fished the rise. I'm sure it's good too. But don't bank on any particular tide because, at least in Jones Inlet, some fish can be caught at any stage of the tide. It is true that most bass will, during any particular week or month, prefer one tide, or one "hole" or bar, and I've seen it where 3-6 lb. bass would predominate on one tide while lunkers would show at the change. But this changes from day to day, month to month and year to year, so for the occasional fisherman, forget it! Once you're at the beach, though, if you locate the bait (spearing, sand-eels, anchovies, mackerel or bunkers, you name it), stick with the bait; if nothing is feeding on the bait for 15 or 20 minutes, try another spot, but keep coming back to check on the bait. That's what the bass are looking for and eventually they will find it. For example, in mid-October of 1967, in the evening and during the ebb tide, I hooked 4 bass in knee-deep water midway between the two easterly Point Lookout jetties, landing only the smallest of 20 lbs. A few days later, 100 yards away, and from the inlet rocks, I took a 25 lb. and 8 lb. at sunrise on the top of incoming tide. All were taken on 7/8 Atom Swimmers in blue and white although the water was thick with tinker mackerel and spearing. In 1962 and 1963 some of the best fishing was at the very end of the ebb tide in between the Point Lookout jetties; the fish hit at the end of a long cast in the edge of a slight rip while I stood waist deep off the beach. But the same years saw excellent fishing at the top of the incoming and through the ebb tide from the inlet rocks. In 1970 and 1971 some bass and big blues were taken by the new "regulars" off the inlet rocks at the end of ebb tide. In previous years, I never bothered to fish there after tide was one-half out. Naturally, since the ebb tide was so good this year, I got my 30 pounder on the top of incoming water, and at a spot on the inlet rocks which the regulars consider unproductive. During the first week of November, 1971, lots of bass showed on incoming water at West End, about one-half mile north of the jetty, north of the rock wall. The following week there were some nice fish (took 14 lb. and lost a BIG bass; saw a 13 lb. caught), and loads of 2-6 lb. bass in the same area, but during the ebb tide! (All fish ultra-selective to Redfin or Rebel.) The point is - find a good, consistent and productive piece of water such as Jones Inlet and concentrate your efforts fishing there. Learn the beach and water and you will catch fish, even if you don't fish too frequently.

3. Forget that there are July and August doldrums. Especially in the early '60's, but in August of 1970 and July of 1971 there was excellent bass fishing at Jones Inlet. (Frankly, though September of 1970 and August of 1971 were poor.) They feed at night. Summer

nights are beautiful to fish and can produce the best fishing of the season. During Labor Day weekend of 1961, I got two small bass fishing with a "pro" at Cape Cod Canal in 2½ days. I came back to Point Lookout and murdered the bass, and at the tip of the most easterly jetty, then over 75 feet into the water, I hooked several real cows which just threw the hooks time and again.

4. Equipment: I prefer a one piece medium-light stick (Lon Wanser can make a beauty to order for $30.00), a Luxor 7 Seas reel and 200-300 yards of 12 lb. line. The reel must be of excellent construction (e.g., Quick, Orvis 150 or Luxor), and the line should be soft, fine and durable (e.g. Guedbrod, Garcia, Berkley Trilene, Stren, etc.). I would nor recommend line under 10 or over 15 pound test. I prefer a 2-4 foot shocker leader of 20 lb. test which I attach to my main line by an improved blood knot. To the end I put a small Luxon stainless steel safety snap or snap swivel. Thoroughly acquaint yourself with your tackle and test your drag often. (For Manhattan Beach west to the Verrazano Bridge, I've found a 7-ft. rod, an Orvis 100 and 8 lb. line plenty.)

5. Lures: For Jones Inlet stick to these few favorites proven over 10 years: (a) 7/8 ounce Atom swimmer in white; (b) 5/8 ounce Pflueger Mustang in white (it runs deeper and acts well in rough water); (c) the silver sides 5½" Redfin or 5½" Rebel floating plug; (d) the 1½ ounce Alou Eel in natural (the silver should be great but I have not tried it) and (e) a Creek Chub, Atom or Gibbs 1-1¼ ounce popper. Add one or two ¾ ounce bucktails in white and yellow, a Hopkins no. 3 with or without feathers and a J-7 or J-8 tin squid. Frankly, I seldom use the bucktails or the tin squids because most of my fishing is done at night when these lures are not generally effective, except sometimes the bucktails score well in deep, swift rips. Although I have carried poppers for years, with some notable exceptions, I've only taken a few isolated fish on them. Oh yes, add a 5" Creek Chub Pike in silver flash which accounted for my 30 lb. bass this past September and a number of smaller fish (I'm sure the Atom or Mustang would have taken these fish). Also, in 1970, one of the regulars cleaned up on a 5" Creek Chub surfster in silver flash.

The plugs should be retrieved as slowly as you possibly can while still getting action out of them. The hooks should be changed on the 7/8 oz. Atom to 3x strong no. 1 trebles. You should bend the lip on at least 1 Atom slightly downward so that it rides right on the top of the water. Often summer-southerly winds keep the grass thick at Point Lookout and this doctored plug can minimize the grass problem greatly. On every lure, the hooks, one at a time, should be carefully honed to a needle point. I can't emphasize this too strongly. The difference between trying to hook a fish on a dull treble hook, including new hooks on a new plug and a needle point, is absolutely astonishing.

Miscellaneous equipment includes waders, which can be dispensed with if you fish the rocks on calm nights; a head lamp; a surf bag with compartments already inserted to separate your plugs, and a light waterproof parka to keep off the spray and wind. A gaff is optional if you stick to the beach, but absolutely necessary along the rocks. Pompinette now has a readily removable stainless steel spring which can be put over the point when not in use.

If you can, find an experienced surfman to take you with him to the beach. If you can't luck into a pro, try to spot one at the beach. Watch how he does it. One trip is worth many articles or books. You will be surprised at how much you can pick up doing this.

Believe it or not, with the information in this article you can hook bass at Jones Inlet. I've taken a number of amateurs with me who did no more and caught plenty of fish. Fish June, July, August, September and October (and into late November if you can take it), when the weather is the nicest, when the water is the flatest, and when fishing is most comfortable. As stated above, I've gotten my most and biggest fish under these circumstances.

And fianlly, don't overlook the occult. In July of '63, my wife (then fiancee) saw me hooking bass on popping plugs at the northwest corner of the Meadowbrook Bridge leading to Point Lookout. A month later she called excitedly. She dreamt that a host of friends and I were pulling in bass after bass from the beach at Point Lookout. Could you resist? I pleaded, she drove, and at 11:00 P.M. we hit the beach. It was cloudy, drizzly and miserable. We caught the end of the ebb between the inlet jetties. In four casts I nailed a 15 lb. and an 8 lb. bass on the 7/8 oz. Atom swimmer. Then she pleaded - it was cold; you caught some fish, didn't you? Let's go home. I'll never know the blitz I missed 'cause not another cast was made that night. Oh, incidentally, in the nine years since she's never had another dream about fishing, or at least she's not saying. But if your wife has one, then forget the wind, tide and moon, and go fishing!!

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HIGH TIDE TABLES

ADD 6 HOURS FOR LOW TIDE

SANDY HOOK

DAY	AM	PM
3-Thur.	10:03	10:37
4-Fri.	10:46	11:20
5-Sat.	11:27	---------
6-Sun.	12:03	12:09
7-Mon.	12:46	12:56
8-Tues.	1:39	1:51
9-Wed.	2:38	3:01
10-Thur.	3:42	4:10

on SANDY HOOK

Long Island South Side

	h.	m.
Hempstead Bay	+1	02
Deep Creek Meadow	+1	22
Green Island	+1	08
Cuba Island	+1	29
Bellmore, Bellmore Creek	+0	50
Neds Creek	+0	34
Freeport Creek	+0	38
Freeport, Baldwin Bay	+0	19
Long Beach	- 0	29
Long Beach, outer coast		
Hempstead Bay Continued		
East Rockaway	+0	42
Woodmere, Brosewere Bay	+0	35
East Rockaway Inlet	- 0	06
Jamaica Bay		
Plumb Beach Channel	+0	03
Barren Island, Rockaway Inlet	- 0	00
Beach Channel (bridge)	+0	38
Motts Basin	+0	40
Norton Point, Head of Bay	+0	39
New York International Airport	+0	26
Grassy Bay (bridge)	+0	44
Carnarsie	+0	28
Mill Basin	+0	29
Coney Island	- 0	03
Norton Point, Gravesend Bay	- 0	03
Shinnecock Inlet (ocean)	- 0	50
Ponquogue Bridge, Shinnecock Bay	+1	25
Potunk Point, Moriches Bay	+3	35
Moriches Inlet	- 0	56
Mastic Beach, Moriches Bay	+3	28
Fire Island Breakwater	- 0	39
Democrat Point, Fire Island Inlet	- 0	38
Great South Bay		
Fire Island Light	+0	47
West Fire Island	+2	11
Point O' Woods	+2	28
Bellport, Bellport Bay	+3	44
Patchogue	+3	23
Sayville (Brown Creek)	+3	39
Great River, Connetquot River	+3	20
Bay Shore	+2	23
Oak Beach	+2	24
Babylon	+2	12
Gilgo Heading	+2	23
Amityville	+2	21
Biltmore Shores, So. Oyster Bay	+2	05
Jones Inlet (Point Lookout)	- 0	19

WILLETS POINT

DAY	AM	PM
3-Thur.	1:31	1:38
4-Fri.	1:58	2:11
5-Sat.	2:33	2:48
6-Sun.	3:14	3:34
7-Mon.	3:59	4:25
8-Tues.	4:54	5:26
9-Wed.	5:52	6:41
10-Thur.	7:01	8:06

on WILLETS POINT

Long Island Sound

	h.	m.
Port Chester	- 0	09
Rye Beach	- 0	14
Mamaroneck	- 0	08
New Rochelle	- 0	13
Davids Island	- 0	02
City Island	- 0	03
Throggs Neck	+0	02
Whitestone	+0	02
Old Ferry Point	+0	04
College Point, Flushing Bay	+0	20
Hewlett Point	- 0	03
Port Washington, Manhasset Bay	- 0	01
Execution Rocks	- 0	06
Glen Cove, Hempstead Harbor	- 0	11

BRIDGEPORT

DAY	AM	PM
3-Thur.	1:28	1:46
4-Fri.	2:08	2:26
5-Sat.	2:50	3:13
6-Sun.	3:35	4:02
7-Mon.	4:28	5:00
8-Tues.	5:25	5:59
9-Wed.	6:24	7:00
10-Thur.	7:21	7:57

on BRIDGEPORT

Long Island Sound

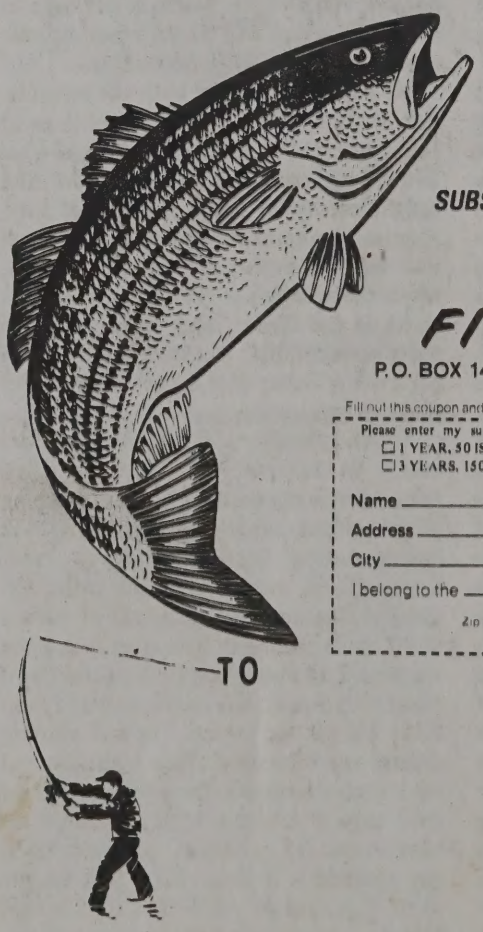
	h.	m.
Oyster Bay		
Oyster Bay Harbor	+0	04
Bayville Bridge	+0	09
Cold Spring Harbor	+0	04
Eatons Point	- 0	01
Lloyd Harbor ent. Huntington	- 0	01
Northport, Northport Bay	- 0	01
Nissequogue River entrance	- 0	07
Stony Brook, Smithtown Bay	+0	05
Stratford Shoal	- 0	09
Pt. Jefferson Harbor entrance	- 0	01
Port Jefferson	+0	02
Setauket Harbor	0	00
Conscience Bay ent. (Narrows)	+0	03
Mount Sinai Harbor	+0	05
Herod Point	- 0	11
Mattituck Inlet	+0	39
Horton Point	- 0	24
Truman Beach	- 0	46

NEW LONDON

DAY	AM	PM
3-Thur.	11:50	---------
4-Fri.	12:19	12:35
5-Sat.	1:08	1:20
6-Sun.	1:55	2:15
7-Mon.	2:47	3:12
8-Tues.	3:40	4:14
9-Wed.	4:35	5:12
10-Thur.	5:28	6:07

on NEW LONDON

	h.	m.
Plum Gut Harbor, Plum Island	+0	34
Little Gull Island	+0	17
Shelter Island Sound		
Orient	+0	41
Greenport	+1	09
Southold	+1	48
Noyack Bay	+2	10
Sag Harbor	+1	04
Cedar Island	+0	49
Peconic Bays		
New Suffolk	+2	31
South Jamesport	+2	37
Shinnecock Canal	+2	38
Three mile Hbr. ent., Gardiners Bay	+0	26
Promised Land, Napeague Bay	- 0	09
Montauk Harbor entrance	- 0	20
Montauk, Fort Pond Bay	- 0	24
Montauk Point, north side	- 1	08



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